

The Outpatient Module Measure antimicrobial use with ease

The outpatient module of our Global Point Prevalence Survey addresses the gap in patient-level antimicrobial data for non-admitted patients. It's ideal for:

- Outpatient clinics
- Primary/community healthcare centers
- Emergency, day surgery, and outpatient hospital departments

FEATURES THAT STAND OUT

- High-quality reports on prescribing patterns, including AWaRe classifications and ATC codes.
- Cross-sectional data collection for all outpatients seen in your setting.
- Detailed insights on patient characteristics and antimicrobial treatments, covering age, symptoms, and quality indicators for antimicrobial treatments.





Advantages at a glance

- User-Friendly: easy to implement with minimal workload.
- Comprehensive: collects detailed antimicrobial use data.
- Efficient: fast data collection and evaluation.
- Time-Saving: real-time data entry and instant reporting.

DIFFERENCE WITH THE INPATIENT MODULE

They differ primarily in their methodological approach:

- Outpatient Module: denominator data is collected at the patient level for each individual seen in a specified time slot. This includes general info such as age and symptoms. Additional info is asked for patients who receive antimicrobial prescriptions, such as diagnostic information and treatment details (= numerator).
- **Inpatient Module**: denominator data is collected **at the ward level**, counting all admitted inpatients receiving antimicrobials or not.

This distinction ensures more detailed insights for outpatient care, providing a granular view on patient characteristics attending the outpatient setting.



Read more about the outpatient module in our FAQ

Get started with the outpatient module





